1. Identification

Product number: 1000002129
Product identifier: 1563155 11.5 oz Quick Spray White
Company information: DIAGRAPH MARKING & CODING
5307 MEADOWLAND PARKWAY
MARION, IL 62959 United States
Company phone: General Assistance 800-521-3047
Emergency telephone US: Infotrac: 800-535-5053 (US only)
Emergency telephone outside US: +1-352-323-3500 international
Version #: 01
Recommended use: COATING
Recommended restrictions: None known.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Flammable aerosols Category 1
Health hazards: Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects
OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statement: Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement

Prevention: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection.
Response: If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known.
Supplemental information: None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td></td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>40 - 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td></td>
<td>106-97-8</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
<td></td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate</td>
<td></td>
<td>1317-65-3</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**4. First-aid measures**

**Inhalation**
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Skin contact**
Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Eye contact**
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion**
In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**
May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information**
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

---

**5. Fire-fighting measures**

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Alcohol resistant foam. Powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

**Fire-fighting equipment/instructions**
Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

**Specific methods**
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**General fire hazards**
Extremely flammable aerosol.

---

**6. Accidental release measures**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing gas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>2400 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane (CAS 74-98-6)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane (CAS 106-97-8)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>590 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane (CAS 106-97-8)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1900 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane (CAS 74-98-6)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>25 mg/l</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.
Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)
Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Skin protection
Hand protection
Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other
Respiratory protection
If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.

Thermal hazards
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations
When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Physical state Gas.
Form Aerosol.
Color Not available.
Odor Not available.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated
Flash point -156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) Propellant estimated
Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%) 2.1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%) 9.7 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 53.68 psig @70F estimated
Vapor density Not available.
Relative density Not available.
Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water) Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature 839.49 °F (448.61 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature Not available.
Viscosity Not available.
Other information

Explosive properties: Not explosive.
Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B): 28.7 kJ/g estimated
Oxidizing properties: Not oxidizing.
Specific gravity: 0.561 estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid: Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact: No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion: Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity: Narcotic effects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Dermal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>&gt; 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>&gt; 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>55700 ppm, 3 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>132 mg/l, 3 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>50.1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5800 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.2 ml/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane (CAS 106-97-8)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>52 %, 120 Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1355 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Components | Species | Test Results
--- | --- | ---
Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | Acute Inhalation | 
LD50 | Mouse | 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes
Rat | 52 %, 120 Minutes

Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate (CAS 108-65-6) | Acute Dermal | 
LD50 | Rat | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | Acute Inhalation | 
LD50 | Rat | > 2.28 mg/l, 4 Hours

Skin corrosion/irritation | Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization | 
Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity | Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | 
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens | Not listed.
Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified.
Aspiration hazard | Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information
Ecotoxicity | The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Water flea (Daphnia magna)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rainbow trout, Donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)</td>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Water flea (Daphnia magna)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability**
No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**
No data available.

**Other adverse effects**
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations**
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code**
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products**
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging**
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

### 14. Transport information

**DOT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>UN950</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subsidiary risk</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Label(s)</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special precautions for user</td>
<td>Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special provisions</td>
<td>N82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging exceptions</td>
<td>306</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging non bulk</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging bulk</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking.
15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)  
Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)  
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification  
Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)  
Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)  
Hazard categories  
Immediate Hazard - Yes  
Delayed Hazard - No  
Fire Hazard - Yes  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance  
Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical  
No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)  
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations  
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List  
Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)  
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)  
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)  
Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number  
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))  
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number  
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
6532

US state regulations  
US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)  
Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))  
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)  
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List  
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)  
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)  
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)  
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act  
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)  
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)  
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)  
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law  
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

**US. Rhode Island RTK**
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

**US. California Proposition 65**
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

**International Inventories**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A “Yes” indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A “No” indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

**Issue date** 07-09-2018
**Version #** 01

**Disclaimer**
We cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

**Revision information**
Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names